

BCM SCHOOL, CHANDIGARH ROAD
A SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL OF BCM FOUNDATION
AFFILIATED TO CBSE, NEW DELHI
CLASS – IX
SUBJECT MATHS
ASSIGNMENT

1. Solve the following.

$$\frac{(32)^{0.2} + (81)^{0.25}}{(256)^{0.5} - (121)^{0.5}}$$

2. Find the value of x if

$$5^{x-3} \cdot 3^{2x-8} = 225,$$

3. Degree of the polynomial $f(x) = 4x^4 + 0x^3 + 0x^5 + 5x + 7$ is

4. Find the ratio of the side and diagonal of square.

5. If one angle of a parallelogram is 24° less than twice the smallest angle, then the measure of the largest angle of the parallelogram is

6. Factorise : $4x^2 + 9y^2 + 16z^2 + 12xy - 24yz - 16xz$

7. If the diagonals of a parallelogram are equal, then show that it is a rectangle.

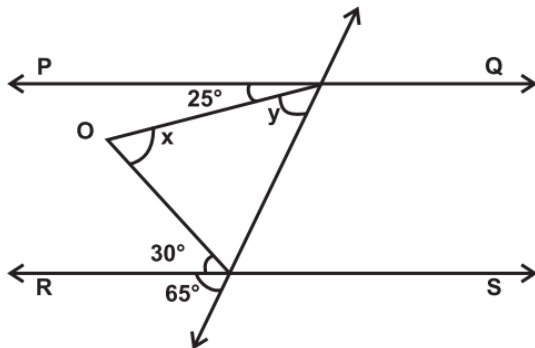
8. ABCD is a rhombus such that $\angle ACB = 40^\circ$, then find $\angle ADB$.

9. If $x - 2$ is a factor of $5x^2 - kx - 18$, then find the value of k.

10. Find the point where $x + y = 5$ meets x axis.

11. If $(2m-1, 3m+3)$ is solution of $3x - 5y = 2$ then find the value of m.

12. If PQ is parallel to RS, find x and y.



13. Find the increase percent in area if each side of triangle is doubled.

14. If p, q, r are all non zero then prove that

$$\frac{p^2}{qr} + \frac{q^2}{rp} + \frac{r^2}{pq} = 3$$

15. Find the value of a and b.

$$\frac{7 + 3\sqrt{5}}{2 + \sqrt{5}} - \frac{7 - 3\sqrt{5}}{2 - \sqrt{5}} = a + b\sqrt{5}$$